

RJSL-VGU

Syllabus For LLB

SEMESTER- III JURISPRUDENCE I

Course Code: LLB301
Maximum Marks: 100

L-T-P: 3-1-0
Course Type:
Core

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- UNIT- I:** Jurisprudence Definition, Nature and Scope.
(i) Importance of Jurisprudence,
(ii) School of Jurisprudence : Analytical, Historical and Sociological including American Realism and Natural Law School and Kelson's pure theory of Law.
- UNIT-II:** Nature of Law : Definition - Austin, Salmond, Holland, Gray, Hart, Law & Morality:
- UNIT-III:** Sources of Law : Meaning, Kinds
(A) Custom: Definitions, Kinds Essentials of legal custom; Importance of custom;
(B) Judicial Precedents : Definition, Kinds, ratio decidendi obiter dicta; Declaratory theory of precedent; judge - made law theory,
(C) Legislation: Definition, Kinds, comparison between legislation and other sources of law.
- UNIT-IV:** Concept of Law : (1) Person, Nature of personality: kinds, corporate personality and its kinds, theories of corporate personality; legal persons and punishment.
(2) Rights and Duties: Nature of Rights and Duties; correlation of Rights and Duties; Kinds of Rights and duties.
Property; Definition and Kinds.
- UNIT-V** Ownership and Possession:
(A) Meaning of Ownership: Kinds, Definition of Ownership by Austin and Salmond,
(B) Relation between Ownership and Possession. Importance of Possession : Elements of corporeal possession and problems : Theories of possession ; Salmond and Savigny.
Negligence and Criminal liability.

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SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Salmond : Jurisprudence
2. Dias & Huges : Jurisprudence
3. Dhyanis S.N. : Fundamentals of Jurisprudence
4. Mahajan, V.D. : Jurisprudence and Legal theory
5. Agarwal & Raizada : Some Thoughts on Modern Jurisprudence.
6. R.D. Yadav : Glimpses of Jurisprudence

SEMESTER-III

TRANSFER OF PROPERTY LAW

Course Code: LLB302

Maximum Marks: 100

1-0

Core

L-T-P: 3-

Course Type:

Course Background:

As we know that property has been one of the fundamental elements of socio-economic life since very beginning. It is a bundle of rights in a thing or land which has gradually been given a wider meaning to include every kind of proprietary or quasi-proprietary claims, such as shares in a limited company, sale of property, lease or renting of property, mortgage on another's land, gifting property and exchange of property including intellectual property e.g., copyrights, patents, etc. Apart from these, there are certain other transactions which resemble transfer of property, though they do not actually amount to a transfer such as partition, family settlement, availing paying guest accommodation, creation of a charge etc.. As a result of this the High Courts and Supreme Court are facing a high volume of property litigation. All this has increased the importance of Property Law given in the Transfer of Property Act, 1882.

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The Transfer of Property Act, 1882 broadly deals with the transfer *inter vivos* of immovable properties albeit some of its provisions are also applicable to the transfer of movable properties. This Act was enacted to provide a definite and uniform statutory law governing transfer of immovable properties in India.

Transfer of Property Act, 1882-

UNIT-I Preliminary : Definition, Essentials of Transfer, Competence of Parties, Subject matter of transfer, Transfer to unborn person, Rule against perpetuity Registration of Transfer, etc. General Rules of Transfer:

- (a) Restraint on alienation absolute or partial, Restraint of free enjoyment Covenants affecting enjoyment, divesting on insolvency, perpetuities, Future estates, Doctrine of acceleration. Accumulation of income, exceptions Covenants and Transfers, General Rules of Transfer,
- (b) Conditional Transfer Condition Precedent, Condition subsequent, Vested and contingent interest.

UNIT-II Election, Priority of rights, Notice, Implied transfers by limited owners, Transfer of property out of which maintenance claims have to be met, Ownership by holding out,

Ownership by estoppels, Doctrine of part performance. Feeding the grant by estoppel Fraudulent Transfer, Transfer of Property pending suit.

UNIT-III Mortgage and Charge: Kinds of Mortgage, Rights and Liabilities of Mortgage and Mortgagees Priority, Marshalling, Contribution & Subrogation.

UNIT-IV Sale, Exchange, Lease, Gift, Actionable Claims.

UNIT-V Recordation of Property Right

a. Law Relating to Registration – The Registration Act 1908

b. Law Relating to Stamp Duties Rajasthan Stamp Act 1998

Easements: Essentials of Easements, Imposition Acquisition, Incidents Disturbance, Extinction, Suspension and Revival of Easement, Licence, Difference between Lease and Licence.

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Cases referred:

1. Gurbaksh Singh vs Nikka Singh
2. Hardev Singh vs Gurmail Singh
3. Subramanian (Died) v Venkatachalam Pillai (2011 Madras HC)
4. Asha M Jain v The Canara Bank &ors (2011 Delhi HC)
5. State of Haryana vs Navir Singh (2008 SC)
6. Manjabai Krishna Patil (D) by LRs vs Raghunath Revaji Patil and Anr (2007 SC)
7. Anthony v K. C. Ittoop and Sons and others (2000 SC)
8. M/S Payal Vision Ltd vs Radhika Chaudhary (2011 SC)

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. The Transfer of Property Act (Act IV of 1882) as amended upto-date.
2. Mulla : Transfer of Property Act, 1882
3. Joshi : The Indian Easements Act (Act V of 1882).
4. Manon, A.K. : The Law of Property.
5. Sarthi, V.P. : Law of Transfer of Property.
6. Shukla, S.N. : Transfer of Property Act.

III SEMESTER COMPANY LAW

Course Code: LLB303
Maximum Marks: 100

L-T-P: 3-1-0
Course Type:

Core

UNIT-I: Definition of Company, Kinds of Company, Corporate Personality, Incorporation of Company, Memorandum and Articles of Association.

UNIT-II: Promoters and Preliminary Contracts, Prospectus and Allotment of Securities.

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UNIT-III: Share, Members, Shareholders, Share Capital, Majority Power and Minority Rights, debentures, Registration of Charges.

UNIT-IV: Appointment and Qualification of Directors, Meeting of Board and its powers.

UNIT-V: Meeting of Company and Administration.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Companies Act 2013 (Bore Act)
2. N.V Pranjapa : Company Law
3. Avtar Singh : Company Law
4. ND Kapoor : Elements of Company Law
5. SEBI Clause 49.
6. LLP Act 2008 (Bare Act)

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SEMESTER-III PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW

Course Code: LLB304
Maximum Marks: 100

L-T-P: 3-1-0
Course Type: Core

UNIT-I: Definition, Nature and Basis of International Law. Weakness of International Law Codification and Development of International Law. Relation between

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International Law and Municipal Law, Subjects of International Law, Nationality, Extradition and Asylum.

UNIT-II: Recognition of States and Governments, Recognition of Insurgency and Belligerency de-facto and de jure recognition, State succession; State jurisdiction; Territorial jurisdiction, Criminal jurisdiction in International Law, Intervention.

UNIT-III: Diplomatic agents, Counsels, Classification and Function of Diplomatic agents privileges and Immunities with reference to Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relation, 1961 Treaties, Definition Basis, Classification and Formation of treaties, Interpretation and Revision of treaties, Principles of jus cogens and pecta sunt servenda, termination of treaties, Vienna Convention on the law of treaties, Pacific and Compulsive means of settlement of International Disputes.

UNIT-IV War, its legal character and effects, Enemy character, Armed conflicts and other hostile relations Belligerent occupation, War crimes, Termination of war and doctrine of post liminium and Prize courts.

The Law of Neutrality: Basis of Neutrality, Rights and duties of neutral states, quasi-neutrality, neutrality and U.N. Character, Right of Angary, Contraband, Blockade, Unnatural service, Right of visit and search.

UNIT-V International Institution : United Nations, History and information of United Nations, Organs of United Nations with specific reference to general Assembly Security Council and International Court of Justice.

Human Rights : Meaning, Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948 International Covenants on Civil and Political Rights, 1966, International conventions on Economic,

Social and Cultural Rights, 1966. Regional Conventions on Human Rights, Right of Women and Child, Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Stark : An Introduction to International law

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2. Oppenheim : International Law, Vol. I and II
3. Breirly : The Law of Nations
4. S.K. Kappor : International law (English & Hindi)
5. Tandon, M.P. : International law (English & Hindi)
6. Rabertson, A.H. : Human Rights in the World
7. Khare, S.C. : Human Rights and united Nations
8. Basu, D.D. : Human Rights in Constitutional Law
9. Nagendra Singh : Protection of Human Rights
10. Satish Chandra : International Documents on Human Rights
11. Daiya, K.C. : Human Rights Jurisprudence
12. Karkara, G.S. : Commentary on Protection of Human Rights Act.

SEMESTER-III

LEGAL LANGUAGE, LEGAL WRITING AND GENERAL ENGLISH (SKILL DEVELOPMENT)

Course Code: LLB 105
Maximum Marks: 100

L-T-P: 3-1-0
Course Type:
Core

UNIT-I VOCABULARY

1. Use of Legal terms (List of Legal terms given below)
2. Pair of Words
3. Proverbs used in Conversations and paraphrases/Explanation

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4. Latin Maxims (Listed below)

UNIT-II Legal Writing

1. Complaint Writing
2. Deed Writing (Conveyancing)
3. Law Report Writing
4. Notice Writing
5. Application (i) Formal types: official and Social letters
(ii) Application for issue of Temporary Injunctions
6. Précis Writing
7. Essay Writing
8. Translation from (English to Hindi) of text having a legal base.

List of Legal Terms which are relevant for LL. B. Students

Abet	Abstain	Accomplice
Act of God	Actionable	Accused
Adjournment	Adjudication	Admission
Affidavit	Amendment	Appeal
Acquittal	Article	Assent
Attested	Attornment	Averment
Bail	Bailment	Citation
Clause	Cercion	Code
Cognizable	Confession	Compromise
Consent	Conspiracy	Contempt
Contingent	Contraband	Conviction

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Convention	Corporate	Custody
Damages	Decree	Defamation
Defence	Escheat	Estoppel
Eviction	Executive	Ex-parte
Finding	Floating Charge	Forma Pauperis
Franchise	Fraud	Frustration
Good Faith	Guardian	Habeas Corpus
Hearsy	Homicide	Hypothecation
Illegal	Indemnity	Inheritance
Bench	Bill	Bill of attaindor
Bill of Rights	Blockage	Bonafide
By Laws	Capital Punishment	Charge
Chattles	Justiciable	Legislation
Legitimecy	Liability	Liberty
Licence	Lieu	Liquidation
Maintenance	Malafide	Malfiesance
Minor	Misfeasance	Mortgage
Murder	Negligence	Negotiable
Instruments	Neutrality	Non-feasence
Notification	Novation	Nuisance
Oath	Obscence	Offender
Order	Ordinance	Over-rule
De-facto	De Jur	Deposit

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Detention	Discretion	Distress
Earnest Money	Enact	Enforceable
Equality	Partition	Perjury
Petition	Plaintiff	Pledge
Preamble	Pre-emption	Prescription
Presumption	Privilege	Privity
Prize	Process	Promissory Note
Proof	Proposal	Prosecution
Provision	Ratify	Receiver
Redemption	Reference	Regulation'
Remand	Remedy	Rent
Repeal	Res-judicata	Respondent
In Limine	Insenity	Institute
Insurance	Intestete	Issue
Judgement	Judicial	Jurisdiction
Justice	Restitution	Rule
Ruling	Schedule	Section
Settlement	Sovereignty	Specific Performance
Stamp Duty	Status Quo	Statute
Stay of Execution	Succession	Summons
Surety	Tenant	Testator
Testatrix	Title	Tort
Trade Mark	Treason	Treaty

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Trespass	Trial	Tribunal
Trust	Ultra vires	Undue Influence
Usage	Valid	Verdict
Vested	Violate	Vis-major
Void	Voidable	Wager
Waiver	Warrant	Warranty
Will	Writ	Wrong

LIST OF LATIN MAXIMS

1. Ab initio (from the veris beginning)
2. Action personails moritur cum persona (Personal right by action dies with the person)
3. Actus Curae Neminem gravabit (an act of the court shall prejudice no one)
4. Actus non facit reum, nisi mens sit rea (the act itself does not constitute guilt unless done with a guilty intent)
5. Actus reus (wrong dul set)
6. ad interim (in the mean time)
7. ad litam (for the suit)
8. ad valoram (according to the value)
9. alibi (pleas of being elsewhere)
10. amicus curie (friend of the court)
11. Ianimus (intention)
12. audi alteram (here the other side)
13. Caveat emptor (buyer beware)

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14. Consensus ad idem (agreement by two persons upon the same thing in the same sense).
15. Demnum sine injuria (damage without injury)
16. de facto (in fact)
17. de jure (in law)
18. de minimis non-curat lex (the law takes no account of trifling matters).
19. decree nisi (a decree which takes effect after a specified period)
20. delegates non-protest delegate (a delegated power cannot be further delegated).
21. doll in capax (in capable in malice)
22. denatio mortis causa (gift by a person on the death-bed)
23. ejusdem generis (oth the same category)
24. eminent domain (the supreme rights)
25. ex-officio (by virture of an office)
26. ex-parte (not in the presence of the opposite party)
27. ex-post facto (by subsequent act)
28. factum valet (the fact which cannot be altered)
29. fait accompli (an accomplished fact)
30. ignorentia legis neminem excusat (ignorance of law is no excuse)
31. in pari materia (in an anologous case, cause of position)
32. interest re publicate ut sit finis litium (it is in the interest of the republic that there should be an end of law suit)
33. injuria sine demnum (injury without damage)
34. intravires (within the powers)
35. jus turti (the right of a third party)

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36. lis pendens (pending suit)
37. mens rea (a guilty mind)
38. mesne profits (the profit received by a person on wrongful possession)
39. nemo dat quod non habet (no man can transfer better title than he himself has)
40. nemo degat bis vexari pro una et eadem causa (no man be twice vexed for the same cause)
41. nemo in propria causa iudex esse debet (no one ought to be judge in his own cause)
42. nolle prosequi (to be unwilling to prosecute)
43. obiter dicta (an opinion of law not necessary to the decision)
44. onus probandi (the burden of proof)
45. pacta sunt servanda (pacts must be respected)
46. pendens lite (during litigation)
47. per capita (counting heads)
48. per incuriam (through inadvertance or carelessness)
49. per stripes (by stocks)
50. planum dominium (full stocks)
51. pro bone publico (for the public good)
52. ratio decidendi (grounds for decision, principle of the case)
53. res gestae (connected facts forming the part of the same transaction).
54. res ipsa loquitur (the thing speaks for itself)
55. res judicata (a matter already adjudicated upon)
56. res nullius (an ownerless thing)

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57. rule nisi (a rule or order upon condition that is to become absolute when cause is shown to the contrary)
58. status quo (existing position)
59. sub judice (in course of adjudication)
60. sui juris (of ones own right)
61. suo moto (of ones own accord)
62. ubi jus ibi remedium (where there is a right, there is a remedy)
63. ultra vires (beyond the powers)
64. volenti non fit injuria (risk taken voluntarily is not actionable)

SUGGESTED READINGS:

PART - A

1. G.P. Singh : Interpretation of Status
2. T. Bhattacharya : Interpretation of Status
3. Swarup J. : Interpretation of Statutes
4. Bindra : Interpretation of Statutes
5. Sarathi : Interpretation of Statutes
6. Bhattacharya, T. : Interpretation of Statutes

PART - B

1. Glanville William : Learning the law
2. Wren and Martin : English Grammer
3. Ganga Sahai Sharma : Fundamentals of legal writing

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4. Hindi-English Legal : Vidhi Sahitya Prakashan, Ministry
Legal Glossory of Law, Govt. of India ,New Delhi (India)
5. David Green : Contemporary English Grammer - Structure and
Composition

SEMESTER-III

LABOUR AND INDUSTRIAL LAWS

Course Code: LLB305
Maximum Marks: 100

L-T-P: 3-

1-0

Core

Course Type:

Objectives of the Course

The primary objective of this course is to draw attention of the students briefly to the march of the industrial society from laissez faire era to the dawn of the concept of welfare state and the need for state intervention in the area of employer-employee relationship for achieving higher economic growth tempered with social justice; need for which is more imperative in the present day era of globalization when both developed and developing economies have framed new economic policies. The students need to be acquainted with the historical perspective relating to the development of trade unions of workers in various countries which has been more or less the same. The struggle of the workers to replace was intense and painful. Employers thwarted their attempt to combine by invoking the doctrine of restraint of trade against their combinations and used doctrines of civil and criminal conspiracies against them to expose them to economic and physical hardships. It was in this background that state intervention became necessary to declare such combinations of workers as lawful bodies symbolizing their aspirations, their right to organize and right to press their demands collectively and to resort to industrial actions if their claims were not accepted. For this purpose, they were granted immunities in a limited way against the doctrine of restraint of trade and acts amounting to simple conspiracies, both civil and criminal. The students need also to know about the relevance and importance of trade unions in the present global economic scenario in achieving the object of overall economic development, better conditions of employment and job opportunities for teeming millions.

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The course of Labour Law – I has been designed to generate understanding amongst the students about the objectives of the labor legislations and enable them to critically examine the developments and changes that have taken place in the field of labour law from time to time. The course introduces the students to the three important legislations, viz. the Trade Unions Act, 1926, the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 and the Industrial employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946, which regulate industrial relations at the Central level in India. The primary objectives of this course are:

1. To familiarize the students with the need for enactment of the Trade Unions Act, 1926 which declares trade unions as legitimate bodies, provides immunities to the registered trade unions, their members and office bearers against the general law liabilities, namely, restraint of trade and
- 2.
3. conspiracy, both civil and criminal as long as the primary object is to further legitimate trade union objectives in a peaceful manner.
4. To familiarize the students with the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 which provides for settlement of industrial disputes through conciliation, voluntary arbitration and compulsory adjudication and to bring home to the students the importance of the basic concepts used in it and the social responsibilities imposed on the employer in certain situations in tune with constitutional mandate brought about by various amendments to the act in the post-constitutional period.
5. To familiarize the students with the need for providing uniform statutory conditions of service in the form of certified standing orders under the industrial employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946.
6. To examine whether the present legal framework provided by the state is adequate to meet the challenges of globalization and to keep the students abreast of the latest developments in the present economic order and discuss critically the resultant changes that need to be made in industrial relations law for achieving higher economic growth tempered with social justice.

General Readings:

1. Report of the National Commission on Labour (1969)
2. Report of the Second national Commission on Labour (2002)
3. Reports of National Commission on Labour 1969 and 2002: Academic Foundation New Delhi, 2003
4. Code of Discipline in industry: C.B. Memoria and Satish Memoria: Dynamics of industrial Relations, Himalaya Publishing House-Mumbai, 2007
5. ILO Conventions and Recommendations – www.ilo.org.
6. Labour Ministry – www.labour.nic.in

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Prescribed books:

1. V.G. Goswami, Labour and Industrial Laws, Central Law Agency, Allahabad 2011.
2. S.N. Mishra, Labour and Industrial Law Central Law publication, Allahabad.
3. Srivastava K. , Industrial piece and labour in India, Kitab Mahal, Allahabad, 2003.
4. K.M. Pillai, Labour and Industrial laws, Allahabad Law Agency, Faridabad, Harayana.

Prescribed Legislation:

1. The Trade Unions Act, 1926
2. The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947
3. The Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946

UNIT:-I INTRODUCTION

Industrial Jurisprudence; Labour history and policy in India; Constitutional Paradigm of Labour of Labour and Industrial Law: Part III and Part IV Principles and need of Labour Legislation in India; Classification of Labour and Industrial Laws. Employment rights and problems of working force. New Labour codes, 2015.

UNIT:-2 Law Regulating Industrial Relations:

1. Concept, evolution, and perspective of industrial relation,
2. Collective Bargaining concept and its application in harmonious industrial relation.
3. Role of ILO in promoting Collective bargaining.
4. Impact of Globalization and liberalization on Industrial workers.

UNIT:-3 Law Regulating Industrial/Individual Disputes:

The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947:

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Concept of Appropriate Government, Workman, Industry and Industrial Disputes;

Industrial Dispute versus Individual Dispute;

Industrial Dispute settlement machineries- Works Committee, Conciliation Officers and Board of Conciliation.

Adjudicatory machineries for dispute resolution-Labour Court, Industrial Tribunal, National Tribunal, and Voluntary Arbitration; Reference of disputes to board, Courts or tribunals; Enforcement of the Awards and Settlements under this Act.

Cases:

Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Board V.A.Rajjapa AIR 1978 SC 548.

General Manager, Telecom V.A.Srinivasa Rao 1997 (8) SCC 767

Coir Board Ernakulam V.Indira Devi PS (I), AIR 1998 SC2801.

State of U.P. V.J.P.Singh (2005) 5 SCC1.

Instruments of Economic Coercion:

Strike and Lockout-Definition-Justification -Types - Right to Strike and Constitutional Validity-Other Provision-Lay off and Retrenchment and Lockout-Transfer and closure.

Cases:

Gujrat Steel Tubes Ltd V.Gujrat Steel Tubes Mazdoor Sabha (1980) 2 SCC 593.

B.R.Singh V. Union of India (1989) 4 SCC 710.

Syndicate Bank v.K.Umesh Nayak (1994) 5 SCC 572.

UNIT:-4 LAW GOVERNING ASSOCIATION OF WORKERS/EMPLOYERS:

The Trade Union Act, 1926:

History of Trade Unionism in India; Development of Trade Union Law in India; Definition and Concept of Trade Union, Trade Dispute and Workman under the Trade Union Act 1926;

-Registration of Trade Unions;

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- Rights and Liabilities of Registered Trade Union;
- Immunity of Registered Trade Union;
- Amalgamation and Dissolution of trade Unions;
- Recognition of Trade Union;
- Penalties and procedure under the Act.

Cases:

Jay Engineering Works V.State of West Bengal, AIR 1968 Cal 407 (SB).

Bokajan Cement Corporation Employees V.Cement Corporation of India Ltd AIR 2004 SC245.

O.K.Ghosh V.Ex Joseph, AIR 1963 SC 812.

Rookes V.Barnard, 1964 AC 1129.

UNIT:-5:- The Industrial Employment (standing Orders) Act, 1946:

Importance of Standing Orders; Object of Standing Orders.

Application and non-application of the Act;

Concept of Employer, Industrial Establishment and Standing Orders under the Act;

Conditions for Certification of Standing Orders; Reasonableness of Standing Orders, Certification of Standing Orders; Powers of Certifying officer and Appellate Authority; Penalties and Grievance Procedure under the Act.

Cases: Management, Shahdera (Delhi) Saharanpur Light Railway Co. V.SS Railway Work Union AIR 1969 SC 573.

Agr ElectricalSupply Co. V.Sri Alladin-AIR 1970SC512.

Associates Cement Co.Ltd. V.PD. Vyas AIR 1969 SC665.

Guest Keen Williams P Ltd V.P J Sterling, AIR 1959 SC 1279.

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SEMESTER-III

MOOT COURT EXERCISE AND INTERNSHIP

Course Code: LLB306

Maximum Marks: 100

L-T-P: 3-

1-0

Course Type:

Core

A. MOOT COURT (30 MARKS) REQUIREMENTS:

1 Three Moot Courts in the year

2 10 Marks for each

3 The Moot Court shall be based on assigned problem to be prepared by the faculty concerned

4 Evaluation by principal/ head concerned, an advocate and teacher concerned

5 Out of 10 Marks allotted for each problem 5 Marks are to be allotted for written

Submission and 5 Marks for oral advocacy a Written submission shall include brief summary of facts, issues involved revisions of land agreements, citation, prayer etc. b Marks for oral advocacy may be awarded for communications skills, presentation, language, provisions of law, authorities quoted, court manners etc.

B. **OBSERVANCE OF TRIAL (20 Marks)** in two cases, one Civil case minimum and record his observations step by step of different stages of litigations/ proceedings in the 2/3 years of 3 years law course of 4/5 year in 5years law course.

C. **INTERVIEWING TECHNIQUES AND PRE- TRIAL PREPARATIONS (30 Marks)**

REQUIREMENTS:

1 Each student has to maintain a dairy to record Interaction with clients, preparation of documents and court papers

2 The students should observe two interviewing sessions with clients at lawyers office/ legal Aid Office this shall be recorded in the dairy which will carry 15 Marks

3 Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and court paper and record such observance in the dairy. This carries 7.5 Marks

4 Each student shall observe the procedure for filling the petition and record the same in the dairy. This carries 7.5 Marks 5 The dairy shall clearly indicate the dates on which the above observations are made and shall be authenticated by the advocate concerned

6 Evaluation of the above dairy shall be made by the teacher concerned and the advocate

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- 7 There shall be a viva – voce examinations all the above three components. This carries 20 Marks

PROJECT REPORT

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VIVA VOICE

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1.Myneni .S.R- Moot Court Pre-trial Preparation& Participation in trial Proceedings & Viva-voce 2.Hill & Jeffry:A Prctical Guide to Mooting,2009
- 3.Narayana.P.S-Law Relating to Lok Adalat4th ed.,r/p 2010
- 4.Rai, Kailash-Moot Court, 4th ed 2009
- 5.Sarkar.S.K-Law Relating Lok Adalat,2nd ed-2006
- 6.Sirohi.J.P.S.-Moot Court, Pre-Trial Preparation 1st ed-2006
- 7.Tewari,O.P-Moot Court, Pre-Trail,1st ed.2007